Monitoring of bursting disc/ Transmitter Type transmitter with inductive proximity switch

We also offer our bursting discs with a monitoring system to allow for automated monitoring of ongoing processes. This safety device accurately and immediately detects the response of a bursting disc within a plant or tank. This allows for countermeasures to be taken instantly.

Benefits

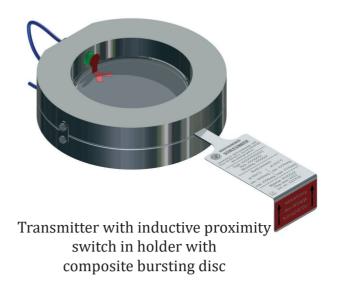
- Reliable and immediate signalling when the bursting disc bursts
- Suitable for explosion-protected areas
- Proximity switch remains undamaged after bursting, thus reducing repair costs

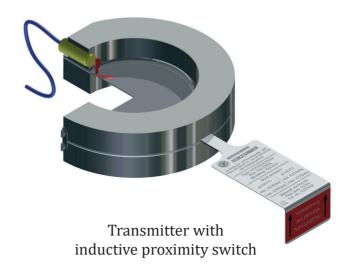
Description

This signal transmitter consists of a sensor, the proximity switch and, at the customer's request, an additional isolating switch amplifier.

The inductive proximity switch is mounted at a distance of two to four millimetres to a metal lug that is fastened to the bursting disc. When the bursting disc opens in the event of a failure, the signal transmitter registers that the lug has changed its position.

After bursting, only the bursting disc needs to be exchanged, while the proximity switch remains undamaged.







Transmitter with inductive proximity switch

Installation

The transmitter with inductive proximity switch is mounted in a holder that is in turn clamped between flanges.

Function

The signal transmitter with inductive proximity switch is primarily used in explosion-protected systems and containers with operating temperatures up to 150 degrees centigrade.

Technical data

General remarks	
Can be combined with the following bursting discs types:	composite bursting discs, reverse buckling bursting discs, rupture discs
Media	gas, steam, liquid
Temperature range	-40°C to +150°C

Voltage/current		
Nominal voltage	8 V	
Switching frequency	0 - 1500 Hz	

Certifications

CE marking according to Directive 2014/68 EU

QM-system according to ISO 9001:2015

Mechanical specifications		
Type of connection	2 m, PVC cable	
Housing material	stainless steel, PBT	
Wire cross-section	0,34 mm ²	

Bursting pressure

The signal transmitter does not have an additional, inherent bursting pressure. The bursting pressure is determined by the respective bursting disc.